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Amendments to the Claims

1-19 (Canceled)

- 20. (Currently amended) A plasmid having a nucleic acid molecule sequence region comprising an open reading frame encoding a cleavable single-chain polypeptide, said open reading frame comprising:
 - a) a first nucleotide sequence region comprising encoding at least a portion of a clostridial neurotoxin heavy chain binding element able to preferentially interact with a target cell surface marker under physiological conditions;
 - a first portion encoding a first amino acid sequence region comprising a binding element able to specifically bind a target cell surface marker under physiological conditions; and
 - b) a second nucleotide sequence encoding at least a portion of a clostridial neurotoxin heavy chain translocation element able to facilitate the transfer of said single-chain polypeptide across a vesicular membrane;
 - ii) a second portion encoding a second amino acid sequence region comprising a translocation element able to facilitate the transfer of a polypeptide across a vesicular membrane;
- [[b]]c) a secondthird nucleotide sequence region encoding a third amino acid sequence region comprising at least a portion of a therapeutic element peptide having biological activity when released into the cytoplasm of the target cell, and
 - d) a fourth nucleotide sequence encoding a peptide comprising a non-native Clostridial neurotoxin protease cleavage site;

wherein said fourth nucleotide sequence intervenes between said second sequence and said third nucleotide sequence.

wherein said first and second nucleotide sequence regions are separated by a third nucleotide sequence region encoding a fourth amino acid sequence comprising a protease cleavage site which is cleaved when exposed to a protease, provided said third amino acid sequence region is not cleaved by a human protease or a protease normally expressed by a cell expressing said single-chain polypeptide, and wherein said single-chain polypeptide is expressed by said plasmid within a suitable host cell.

- 21. (Currently amended) The plasmidmolecule of claim [[20]]20, wherein said first or second nucleotide sequence regionopen reading frame further comprises a fifth nucleotide sequence encoding encodes an amino acid sequence regiona peptide comprising a target-binding portion of a binding tag.
- 22. (Currently amended) The plasmidmolecule of claim [[21]]21, wherein said binding tag comprises a target-binding portion of a polypeptide selected from the group consisting

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efcomprises a His₆, a monoclonal antibodies antibody, a maltose binding protein, a glutathione-S-transferase, a protein A, andor a calmodulin binding protein.

- 23. (Currently amended) The <u>plasmid molecule</u> of claim [[20]]<u>20</u>, wherein said first nucleotide sequence region encodes at least a portion of <u>binding element is a Clostridium botulinum</u> neurotoxin heavy chain—a clostridial neurotoxin heavy chain.
- 24. (Currently amended) The <u>plasmid molecule</u> of claim [[23]]20, wherein said first nucleotide sequence region encodes at least a portion of translocation element is a Clostridium botulinum neurotoxin heavy chain.
- 25. (Currently amended) The <u>plasmid molecule</u> of claim [[23]]20, wherein said <u>first nucleotide</u> sequence region encodes at least a portion of translocation element is a Clostridium tetani neurotoxin heavy chain.
- 26. (Currently amended) The <u>plasmid_molecule</u> of <u>either of claim 20 or 2320</u>, wherein said second nucleotide sequence region encodes at least a portion of the rapeutic element peptide comprises a clostridial neurotoxin light chain.
- 27. (Currently amended) The <u>plasmidmolecule</u> of claim [[26]]<u>26</u>, wherein said second nucleotide sequence region encodes at least a portion of clostridial neurotoxin light chain is a *Clostridium botulinum* neurotoxin light chain.
- 28. (Currently amended) The <u>plasmidmolecule</u> of claim [[26]]<u>26</u>, wherein said second nucleotide sequence region encodes at least a portion of clostridial neurotoxin light chain is a *Clostridium tetani* neurotoxin light chain.
- 29-31. (Canceled)
- 32. (Currently amended) A method of making a <u>cleavable</u> single-chain polypeptide dorived from a clostridial neurotoxin-comprising:
 - a) inserting the plasmid of any one of claims 20-25 or 29-3120-28, 31 or 38 into a suitable host cell,
 - b) growing said host cell in culture, and
 - c) permitting or inducing the host cell to express the single chain polypeptide encoded by said plasmid.
- 33. (Currently amended) A method of purifying a recombinant cleavable single chain polypeptide derived from a clostridial neurotexin comprising:
 - a) lysing a host cell expressing a single chain polypeptide from the plasmid of either of claim 21 or 22 to produce a cell lysate,
 - contacting said cell lysate with a target compound so as to form a specific binding complex capable of being immobilized comprising said binding tag and said target compound, and
 - c.) separating said binding complex from said cell lysate.

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38. (New) The molecule of claim 20, wherein said binding element is a *Clostridium tetani* neurotoxin heavy chain.

- 39. (New) The molecule of claim 20, wherein said protease cleavage site comprising SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 22 or SEQ ID NO: 23.
- 40. (New) A nucleic acid molecule comprising an open reading frame encoding a cleavable single-chain polypeptide, said open reading frame comprising:
 - a first nucleotide sequence encoding at least a portion of a binding element peptide able to preferentially interact with a sensory afferent neuron cell surface marker under physiological conditions;
 - a second nucleotide sequence encoding at least a portion of a clostridial neurotoxin heavy chain translocation element able to facilitate the transfer of said single-chain polypeptide across a vesicular membrane;
 - a third nucleotide sequence encoding at least a portion of a clostridial neurotoxin light chain therapeutic element having biological activity when released into the cytoplasm of said target cell; and
 - d) a fourth nucleotide sequence encoding a peptide comprising a non-native Clostridial neurotoxin protease cleavage site;

wherein said fourth nucleotide sequence intervenes between said second sequence and said third nucleotide sequence.

- 41. (New) The molecule of claim 40, wherein said open reading frame further comprises a fifth nucleotide sequence encoding a peptide comprising a target-binding portion of a binding tag.
- 42. (New) The molecule of claim 41, wherein said target-binding portion comprises a His₆, a monoclonal antibody, a maltose binding protein, a glutathione-S-transferase, a protein A or a calmodulin binding protein.
- 43. (New) The molecule of claim 40, wherein said translocation element is a *Clostridium botulinum* neurotoxin heavy chain.
- 44. (New) The molecule of claim 40, wherein said translocation element is a *Clostridium tetani* neurotoxin heavy chain.
- 45. (New) The molecule of claim 40, wherein said therapeutic element is a *Clostridium botulinum* neurotoxin light chain.
- 46. (New) The molecule of claim 40, wherein said therapeutic element is a *Clostridium tetani* neurotoxin light chain.

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47. (New) The molecule of claim 40, wherein said protease cleavage site comprising SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 22 or SEQ ID NO: 23.